



SDS ID NO.: 0165MAR019

Revision date 04/25/2023

| 1. IDENTIFICATION | | |
|--|---|--|
| Product Name Marathon Endurance® High Mileage Motor Oils | | |
| Synonym Product code Chemical family | Marathon Endurance 5W30 High Mileage; Endurance High Mileage SAE 5W-30; Marathon Endurance 10W30 High Mileage; Endurance High Mileage SAE 10W-30 0165MAR019 Motor/Lube Oil | |
| Recommended use Restrictions on use | Engine Oil. All others. | |
| Manufacturer, Importer, or Responsible Party Name and AddressMARATHON PETROLEUM COMPANY LP539 South Main Street Findlay, OH 45840 | | |
| SDS information | 1-419-421-3070 (M-F; 8-5 EST) | |
| 24 Hour Emergency Telephone | CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (CCN# 13740) | |
| 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION | | |

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is not considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Classification

Not classified

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

2.2. Label Elements

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Appearance Brown Liquid

Physical State Liquid

Odor Petroleum

Precautionary Statements - Prevention Not applicable

Precautionary Statements - Response Not applicable

Precautionary Statements - Storage Not applicable

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container at an approved waste disposal plant

Additional Information

This SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. The SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Composition Information

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| Chemical Name | CAS Number | % Concentration |
|--|------------|-----------------|
| Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic | 64742-54-7 | 80-100 |
| Paraffin Oils (Petroleum), Catalytic Dewaxed Light | 64742-71-8 | 5-10 |
| Lubricating Oils (petroleum), C20-50, Hydrotreated | 72623-87-1 | 3-7 |

Motor oil is a complex mixture of highly refined lubricating oil base stocks and additives. All concentrations are percent by weight unless material is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

| First aid measures | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| General advice | In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). |
| Inhalation | Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If symptoms occur get medical attention. |
| Skin contact | Wash skin with plenty of soap and water. If irritation or other symptoms occur get medical attention. Any injection injury from high pressure equipment should be evaluated immediately by a physician as potentially serious (See NOTES TO PHYSICIAN). |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Gently remove contacts while flushing. If irritation or other symptoms occur get medical attention. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth out with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by a physician. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips, or if patient is lying down, turn body and head to side to prevent aspiration and monitor for breathing difficulty. If symptoms develop, seek medical attention. |
| Most important signs and symptor | ns, both short-term and delayed with overexposure |
| Adverse effects | Prolonged or repeated inhalation of oil mist at high concentrations may cause respiratory irritation and/or other pulmonary effects. Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause defatting and drying of the skin and may lead to irritation and/or dermatitis. |
| Indication of any immediate medic | al attention and special treatment needed |
| Notes to physician | SKIN: Leaks or accidents involving high-pressure equipment may inject a stream of material through the skin and initially produce an injury that may not appear serious. Only a small puncture wound may appear on the skin surface but, without proper treatment and depending on the nature, original pressure, volume, and location of the injected material, can compromise blood supply to an affected body part. Prompt surgical debridement of the wound may be necessary to prevent irreversible loss of function and/or the affected body part. High pressure injection injuries may be SERIOUS SURGICAL EMERGENCIES. |
| | 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES |

| Suitable extinguishing | media | For small fires, Class B fire extinguishing media such as CO2, dry chemical, foam or water spray can be used. For large fires, water spray, fog or foam can be used. Firefighting should be attempted only by those who are adequately trained and equipped with proper protective equipment. | | |
|---|------------|--|--|--|
| Unsuitable extinguishi | ng media | Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. | | |
| Specific hazards arisin chemical | g from the | The product is not combustible per the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, but will ignite and burn at temperatures exceeding the flash point. | | |
| Hazardous combustion | n products | Smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion. | | |
| Explosion data Sensitivity to mech impact: Sensitivity to static | | No. | | |
| Special protective equi precautions for firefigh | | Avoid using straight water streams. Water spray and foam must be applied carefully to avoid frothing and from as far a distance as possible. Avoid excessive water spray application. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces from as far a distance as possible. Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources. | | |
| Additional firefighting | tactics | Not applicable | | |
| NFPA | Health 0 | Flammability 1 Instability 0 Special Hazard - | | |

| 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES | | |
|--|--|--|
| Personal precautions | Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Contaminated surfaces may be slippery. | |
| Protective equipment | Use personal protection measures as recommended in Section 8. | |
| Emergency procedures | Advise authorities and National Response Center (800-424-8802) if the product has entered a water course or sewer. Notify local health and pollution control agencies, if appropriate. | |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid release to the environment. Avoid subsoil penetration. | |
| Methods and materials for containment | Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent spilled material from entering storm drains, sewers, and open waterways. Move containers from spill area. Contain liquid with sand or soil. | |
| Methods and materials for cleaning up | Use suitable absorbent materials such as vermiculite, sand, or clay to clean up residual liquids. Recover and return free product to proper containers. Dispose of in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. | |

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Safe handling precautionsAvoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.
Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use personal
protection measures as recommended in Section 8. Do not cut, drill, grind, puncture, weld
or incinerate container. Empty container may contain hazardous residue. Refer to
applicable EPA, OSHA, NFPA and consistent state and local requirements.High-pressure injection of any material through the skin is a serious medical emergency
even though the small entrance wound at the injection site may not initially appear serious.
These injection injuries can occur from high-pressure equipment such as paint spray or
grease or guns, fuel injectors, or pinhole leaks in hoses or hydraulic lines and should all be

considered serious. High pressure injection injuries may be SERIOUS SURGICAL
EMERGENCIES (See First Aid Section 4).Storage conditionsStore in properly closed containers that are appropriately labeled and in a cool,
well-ventilated area. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept
upright to prevent leakage. Store away from incompatible materials.Incompatible materialsStrong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

| Chemical Name | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PELS | NIOSH IDLH |
|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|------------|
| Petroleum Base Oils MIXTURE | Highly and severely refined, inhalable fraction 5 mg/m ³ TWA | TWA: 5 mg/m³ | 2500 mg/m³ |
| Notes: | No further information available. | | |
| Engineering measures | Local or general exhaust required when using at elevated temperatures that generate vapors or mists. | | |
| Personal protective equipment | | | |
| Eye protection | Use goggles or face-shield if the | potential for splashing exists. | |
| Skin and body protection | Wear neoprene, nitrile or PVA gloves to prevent skin contact. Glove suitability is based on workplace conditions and usage. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times. Wear appropriate protective clothing. | | |
| Respiratory protection | Use a NIOSH approved organic vapor chemical cartridge or supplied air respirators when there is the potential for airborne exposures to exceed permissible exposure limits or if excessive vapors are generated. Observe respirator assigned protection factors (APFs) criteria cited in federal OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134. Self-contained breathing apparatus should be used for fire fighting. | | |
| Hygiene measures | Handle in accordance with good skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hap product. | | |

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance | Brown Liquid | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|
| Physical State | Liquid | |
| Color | Brown | |
| Odor | Petroleum | |
| Odor Threshold | No data available. | |
| <u>Property</u> | Values (method) | |
| pH | No available data. | |
| Melting Point / Freezing Point | No data available. | |
| Initial Boiling Point / Boiling Range | No data available. | |
| Flash Point | > 180 °C / > 356 °F (Cleveland Open-C | Cup) |
| Evaporation Rate | No data available. | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. | |
| Flammability Limit in Air (%): | | |
| Upper Flammability Limit: | No data available. | |
| Lower Flammability Limit: | No data available. | |
| Explosion Limits | No data available. | |

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Vapor Pressure | No data a |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| Vapor Density | No data a |
| Specific Gravity / Relative Density | 0.87 (0.8 |
| Water Solubility | No data a |
| Partition Coefficient | No data a |
| Autoignition Temperature | No data a |
| Decomposition Temperature | No data a |
| Kinematic Viscosity | > 45 mm |
| VOC Content (%) | No data a |
| | |

No data available. No data available. (0.87 (0.85 - 0.87) No data available. No data available. No data available. No data available. > 45 mm2/s @ 40°C No data available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | The product is non-reactive under normal conditions. | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Chemical stability | Stable under recommended storage conditions. | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | None under normal processing. | |
| Hazardous polymerization | Will not occur. | |
| Conditions to avoid | Sources of heat or ignition. | |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. | |
| | | |

Hazardous decomposition products None known under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Potential short-term adverse effects from overexposures

| Inhalation | Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system. |
|--------------|---|
| Eye contact | Exposure to vapor or contact with liquid may cause mild eye irritation, including tearing, stinging, and redness. |
| Skin contact | Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause dermatitis, folliculitis or oil acne. |
| Ingestion | May cause irritation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract. |

Acute toxicological data

| Chemical Name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Petroleum Base Oils MIXTURE | > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |

Immediate and delayed effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

BASE OILS: Mineral oil mists from highly refined or hydrotreated oils are generally of low acute and subchronic toxicity. Overexposure to mists may cause inflammation of the lungs and lipoid pneumonia.

USED MOTOR OIL: Lifetime, continuous skin contact with used motor oils has caused skin cancer in laboratory tests. The combustion process produces compounds (polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons) in motor oils that increase with use and are responsible for the cancer induction. Thorough washing has been found to prevent the development of skin cancer on animals from used motor oil exposure.

Adverse effects related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Signs and symptoms Pro

Prolonged or repeated inhalation of oil mist at high concentrations may cause respiratory irritation and/or other pulmonary effects. Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause defatting and drying of the skin and may lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.

| Acute toxicity | None known. |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Skin corrosion/irritation | None known. |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | None known. |
| Sensitization | None known. |
| Mutagenic effects | None known. |
| | |

Carcinogenicity

Prolonged or repeated contact with used engine oils may cause skin cancer.

| Chemical Name | ACGIH (Class) | IARC (Class) | NTP | OSHA |
|--------------------------------|---|---|------------|------------|
| Petroleum Base Oils MIXTURE | Mineral oil, highly/severely refined | Mineral oil, highly refined Not Classifiable (3) | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| | (inhalable fraction) | | | |
| | Not Classifiable (A4) | | | |

| Reproductive toxicity | None known. |
|--|-------------|
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - single exposure | None known. |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure | None known. |
| Aspiration hazard | None known. |

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Used motor and/or lube oils may be toxic to birds and fish.

| Chemical Name | Fish | Crustacea | Algae/aquatic plants |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------------|----------------------|
| Petroleum Base Oils | 96-hr LC50 = 5000 mg/L | 48-hr EC50 = 1000 mg/L | - |
| MIXTURE | Rainbow trout | Daphnia magna | |
| Persistence and degradability | Not expected to be readily biodegradable. | | |
| Bioaccumulation | No information available. | | |
| Mobility in soil | No information available. | | |
| Other adverse effects | No information available. | | |

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

| Description of waste residues | No information available. |
|---|--|
| Safe handling of wastes | Handle in accordance with applicable local, state, and federal regulations. Use personal protection measures as required. |
| Disposal of wastes / methods of disposal | The user is responsible for determining if any discarded material is a hazardous waste (40 CFR 262.11). Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. |
| Contaminated packaging disposal | Empty containers should be completely drained and then discarded or recycled, if possible. Do not cut, drill, grind or weld on empty containers since explosive residues may be present. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. |

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN/Identification No: UN Proper Shipping Name: Transport Hazard Class(es): Packing Group:

ΙΑΤΑ

UN/Identification No: UN Proper Shipping Name: Transport Hazard Class(es): Packing Group:

IMDG

UN/Identification No: UN Proper Shipping Name: Transport Hazard Class(es): Packing Group: Not applicable Not Regulated Not applicable Not applicable

Not applicable Not Regulated Not applicable Not applicable

Not applicable Not Regulated Not applicable Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulatory Information

| US TSCA Chemical Inventory | This product and/or its components are listed on the TSCA Chemical Inventory or are exempt. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Canada DSL/NDSL Inventory | This product and/or its components are listed either on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are exempt. |
| EPA Superfund Amendment & Real | uthorization Act (SARA) |
| SARA Section 302 | This product does not contain any component(s) included on EPA's Extremely Hazardous Substance (EHS) List above the de minimis threshold. |
| SARA Section 304 | This product does not contain any component(s) identified as an EHS or a CERCLA Hazardous substance above the de minimis threshold. |
| SARA Section 311/312 | Not applicable. |
| SARA Section 313 | This product does not contain components, which if in exceedance of the de minimus threshold, may be subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Release Reporting (Form R). |

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product can expose you to chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

| Chemical Name | California Proposition 65 |
|--------------------------|---|
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | Carcinogen, initial date 06/11/2004 |
| Toluene 108-88-3 | Developmental toxicity, initial date 01/01/1991 |
| 1,4-dioxane 123-91-1 | Carcinogen, initial date 01/01/1988 |
| Benzene | Carcinogen, initial date 02/27/1987 |

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| 71-43-2 | Male developmental toxicity, initial date 12/26/1997 |
|----------------------------|--|
| Ethylene Oxide | Carcinogen, initial date 07/01/1987 |
| 75-21-8 | Developmental toxicity, initial date 08/07/2009 |
| | Reproductive toxicity, initial date (female) 02/27/1987 - (male) |
| | 08/07/2009 |
| Propylene Oxide 75-56-9 | Carcinogen, initial date 10/1/1988 |
| Naphthalene 91-20-3 | Carcinogen, initial date 04/19/2002 |

For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

State Right-To-Know Regulations The following component(s) of this material are identified on the regulatory lists below:

| Chemical Name | New Jersey Right-To-Know | Pennsylvania Right-To-Know | Massachusetts Right-To Know |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Petroleum Base Oils MIXTURE | Listed | Listed | Listed |

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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Toxicology & Product Safety

NFPA



Revision Notes

Revision date Previous publish date Revised sections 04/25/2023 11/06/2017 1. IDENTIFICATION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Disclaimer

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